## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1170

## BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5 | AN ACT RELATING TO TAXING DISTRICTS; AMENDING SECTION 63-802, IDAHO CODE, AS AMENDED IN SECTION 1 OF SENATE BILL NO. 1108, AS AMENDED, AS ENACTED BY THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF THE SIXTY-SIXTH IDAHO LEGISLATURE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE LIMITATION ON TAXING DISTRICT BUDGETS. |
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| 6                     | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:  |
| 7<br>8<br>9<br>10     | SECTION 1. That Section 63-802, Idaho Code, as amended in Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 1108, As Amended, as enacted by the First Regular Session of the Sixty-sixth Idaho Legislature, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:  |

- 63-802. LIMITATION ON BUDGET REQUESTS -- LIMITATION ON TAX CHARGES -- EXCEPTIONS. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no taxing district shall certify a budget request for an amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget that exceeds the maximum sum permitted under this section:
  - (a) (i) The highest dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget for any one (1) of the three (3) tax years preceding the current tax year, which amount may be increased by a growth factor not to exceed three percent (3%) plus the amount of revenue calculated as described in this subsection.
  - (ii) The taxing district shall determine what portion of the three percent (3%) increase permitted under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph it requires and then calculate the new levy rate based on the percentage chosen. In calculating the levy rate, the most current valuation data shall be used, except that for centrally assessed operating property the prior year's valuation may be used instead of the current year's valuation.
  - (iii) The new levy rate shall be multiplied:
    - 1. By seventy-five percent (75%) of the value shown on the new construction roll compiled pursuant to section 63-301A, Idaho Code, except for the value set forth on the new construction roll under section 63-301A(3) (g), Idaho Code, for which fifty percent (50%) of the value shall be multiplied by the new levy rate; and
    - 2. By seventy-five percent (75%) of the value of annexation during the previous calendar year, as certified by the state tax commission for taxable values of operating property of public utilities and by the county assessor, except for a fire protection district annexing property prior to July 1, 2021, pursuant to section 31-1429, Idaho Code, the new levy rate shall be multiplied by one hundred percent (100%) of the value of any such property annexed prior to July 1, 2021.

- (iv) The taxing district shall add the sum calculated under subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph to the amount calculated under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph to determine its budget limitation.
- (v) Following the first year in which a fire protection district has annexed an area embraced within the limits of a city pursuant to section 31-1429, Idaho Code, the city shall subtract from its budget limitations under this subsection an amount equal to the moneys spent by the city on fire protection services during the last full year in which the city provided fire protection services to its residents.
- (b) If the taxing district has not imposed a levy for three (3) or more years, the highest dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget for the purpose of paragraph (a) (i) of this subsection shall be the dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget during the last year in which a levy was made.
- (c) The dollar amount of the actual budget request may be substituted for the amount in paragraph (a) of this subsection if the taxing district is newly created, except as may be provided in paragraph (i) of this subsection.
- (d) This section does not apply to school district levies imposed in section 33-802, Idaho Code.
- (e) In the case of a nonschool district for which less than the maximum allowable increase in the dollar amount of property taxes is certified for annual budget purposes in any one (1) year, such a district may, in any following year, recover the forgone increase by certifying, in addition to any increase otherwise allowed, any or all of the increase originally forgone. Provided however, that if any such forgone amount is recovered, the total maximum increase permitted under this paragraph and paragraph (a) of this subsection must not exceed four percent (4%) without voter approval pursuant to paragraph (h) of this subsection or subsection (3) of this section. Prior to budgeting any forgone increase, the district must provide notice of its intent to do so, hold a public hearing, which may be in conjunction with its annual budget hearing, and certify by resolution the amount of forgone increase to be budgeted and the specific purpose for which the forgone increase is being budgeted. Upon adoption of the resolution, the clerk of the district shall file a copy of the resolution with the county clerk and the state tax commission. Said additional amount shall be included in future calculations for increases as allowed.
- (f) If a taxing district elects to budget less than the maximum allowable increase in the dollar amount of property taxes, the taxing district may reserve the right to recover all or any portion of that year's forgone increase in a subsequent year by adoption of a resolution specifying the dollar amount of property taxes being reserved. Otherwise, that year's forgone increase may not be recovered under paragraph (e) of this subsection. The district must provide notice of its intent to do so and hold a public hearing, which may be in conjunction with its annual budget hearing if applicable. The resolution to reserve the right to recover the forgone increase for that year shall be adopted at the an-

nual budget hearing of the taxing district if the district has a budget hearing requirement.

- (g) In the case of cities, if the immediately preceding year's levy subject to the limitation provided by this section is less than 0.004, the city may increase its budget by an amount not to exceed the difference between 0.004 and actual prior year's levy multiplied by the prior year's market value for assessment purposes. The additional amount must be approved by sixty percent (60%) of the voters voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held on the date in May or November provided by law and may be included in the annual budget of the city for purposes of this section.
- (h) A taxing district may submit to the electors within the district the question of whether the budget from property tax revenues may be increased beyond the amount authorized in this section, but not beyond the levy authorized by statute. The additional amount must be approved by sixty-six and two-thirds percent  $(66\ 2/3\%)$  or more of the voters voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held on the May or November dates provided by section 34-106, Idaho Code. If approved by the required minimum sixty-six and two-thirds percent  $(66\ 2/3\%)$  of the voters voting at the election, the new budget amount shall be the base budget for the purposes of this section.
- (i) When a nonschool district consolidates with another nonschool district or dissolves and a new district performing similar governmental functions as the dissolved district forms with the same boundaries within three (3) years, the maximum amount of a budget of the district from property tax revenues shall not be greater than the sum of the amounts that would have been authorized by this section for the district itself or for the districts that were consolidated or dissolved and incorporated into a new district.
- (j) This section does not apply to cooperative service agency levies imposed in sections 33-317 and 33-317A, Idaho Code.
- (2) In the case of fire districts, during the year immediately following the election of a public utility or public utilities to consent to be provided fire protection pursuant to section 31-1425, Idaho Code, the maximum amount of property tax revenues permitted in subsection (1) of this section may be increased by an amount equal to the current year's taxable value of the consenting public utility or public utilities multiplied by that portion of the prior year's levy subject to the limitation provided by subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) No board of county commissioners shall set a levy, nor shall the state tax commission approve a levy for annual budget purposes, which exceeds the limitation imposed in subsection (1) of this section unless authority to exceed such limitation has been approved by a majority of the taxing district's electors voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held pursuant to section 34-106, Idaho Code, provided however, that such voter approval shall be for a period of not to exceed two (2) years.
- (4) The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget does not include revenues from nonproperty tax sources and does not include revenue from levies for the payment of judicially confirmed obligations pursuant to sections 63-1315 and 63-1316, Idaho Code, and revenue from levies

that are voter-approved for bonds, override levies or supplemental levies, plant facilities reserve fund levies, school emergency fund levies or for levies applicable to newly annexed property or for levies applicable to new construction as evidenced by the value of property subject to the occupancy tax pursuant to section 63-317, Idaho Code, for the preceding tax year. The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget does not include any property taxes that were collected and refunded on property that is exempt from taxation, pursuant to section 63-1305C, Idaho Code. The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget does not include the amount of money received in the twelve (12) months immediately preceding June 30 of the current tax year as a result of distributions of the tax provided in section 63-3502B(2), Idaho Code.

(5) The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget shall include moneys received as recovery of property tax for a revoked provisional property tax exemption under section 63-1305C, Idaho Code.